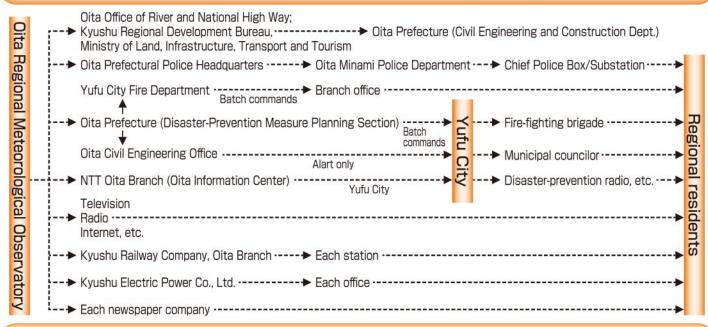


Issued by: Disaster-Prevention Safety Section, Yufu City Hall TEL (097) 582 — 1111

### Information transmission route



### Evacuation information provided from the city

Warning Level	Evacuation behavior, etc.	Evacuation information, etc.
Warning Level <b>5</b>	When a disaster has already occurred. Take the optimal action to protect your own life.	Disaster occurrence information*1  *1 If it has been confirmed that a disaster actually occurred, make official announcements within the possible range (official announcements made by municipalities)
Warning Level 4 Evacuation by everyone	Evacuate quickly to the evacuation site.  If it is dangerous to move to the public evacuation site, evacuate to a safe location nearby or evacuate to a safer location in your house.	Evacuation advisory Evacuation order (emergency) *2  *2 Announce when there is an emergency depending on regional conditions or when repeatedly urging evacuation (official announcements made by municipalities)
Warning Level 3 Evacuation by the elderly, etc.	People who require a long time to evacuate (elderly people, people with disabilities, infants, etc.) and their support staff should evacuate. Other people should prepare to evacuate.	Prepare for evacuation/ Start evacuation for elderly people, etc. (official announcements made by municipalities)
Warning Level 2	Prepare for evacuation and check your evacuation route according to the hazard map, etc.	Flood warning Heavy rain warning, etc. (announced by the Japan Meteorological Agency)
Warning Level 1	Increase your readiness towards disasters.	Early warning information (announced by the Japan Meteorological Agency)

Information is not always announced in order from Warning Level 1 to Warning Level 5. Conditions may change suddenly.

Destination for	collection of disaster-prevention information	Q Search
		/ / /m
	Oita Prefecture	http://www.pref.oita.jp/
Homepages of	Yufu City	http://www.city.yufu.oita.jp/ Search on the internet!
government agencies	Oita River National Highway Office; Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism	http://www.qsr.mlit.go.jp/oita/
	Oita Regional Meteorological Observatory, Japan Meteorological Agency	https://www.jma-net.go.jp/oita/
Information on	Oita Prefecture: Information on heavy rain/water level observation	http://river.pref.oita.jp/
river water level, etc.	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism: River disaster-prevention information	http://www.river.go.jp/
	Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism: Disaster-Prevention Information Provision Center	http://www.mlit.go.jp/saigai/bosaijoho/
	Japan Meteorological Agency: Disaster-prevention information	http://www.jma.go.jp/jma/menu/menuflash.html
Disaster-prevention	Oita Prefecture: Information for safety and peace of mind	http://www.pref.oita.jp/site/bosaianzen/
information	Oita Prefecture: Landslide Disaster Information Internet Provision System	http://sabo.pref.oita.jp/dosya/
	Oita Prefecture: Information on locations in danger of landslide disaster Internet Provision System	http://sabo.pref.oita.jp/bousai_s/dosya_map/
	Japan Coast Guard, Oita Coast Guard Division	http://www.kaiho.mlit.go.jp/07kanku/oita/

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# Items to take when evacuating

								I	
Valuables	Cash, 10-yen co	ns I		First aid equipment	Triangular bandages, bandages		Lifestyle goods,	Plastic sheet	
Bank passbook					Absorbent cotton		etc.	String, duct tape	
Credit cards					Band aids			Tissues	
	Health insurance card				Cold medicine, stomach medicine			Sewing set	
	Driver's license				Household medicine			Toiletries	
	Documents	[		Emergency food	Dry biscuits, canned goods, etc.			Feminine hygiene products	
	Personal seal			and utensils	Mineral water		Other	Baby goods	
	Keys to house, o	ar, etc.			Eat utensils, can opener, etc.			Writing instruments	
Evacuation gear	Portable radio			Clothes	Underwear			Copy of address book	
	Flashlight, candle	es [			Winter clothing			Medical record handbook	
	Spare batteries	[			Raincoat				
	Helmet			Lifestyle goods,	Towels, handkerchiefs				
First aid equipment	Antiseptic soluti	on [		etc.	Multipurpose knife				
	Ointment				Matches, lighters				
Poultice					Gripped work gloves		A		
■My Fami	ly's Disa	ster-Pr	rev	vention No	tebook				
My Family'	s Evacuation 9	Site							
Family gathering place in an emergency									
Family name			Т	EL	Contact information for so	chool	, employer, etc.	Health insurance card nur	nber

### ■List of Yufu City Designated Evacuation Sites

Yufuin Town		Kawanishi Elementary School	0977-84-2329	Naoyama Public Hall	
Facility name	TEL	Kawanishi Farming Village Exchange Center	0977-84-5022	formerly Asono Elementary School	
Tsukahara Elementary School Gymnasium	0977-85-4141	Kono Public Hall		Shonai General Sports Park	097-582-1111
Nuruyu-ku Public Hall	0977-84-3908	Yunohira District Public Hall (formerly Yunohira Elementary School)	0977-86-2232	Hasama Town	
Yufuin Chuo Children's Park		Yunohira Farmers Training Center		Facility name	TEL
Sadohara Public Hall		Shonai Town		Hasama Elementary School 097–583-	
Namiyanagi Public Hall	0977-85-4363	Facility name	TEL	Yufu City Hall Hasama Branch	097-583-1111
Wakasugi Public Hall	j,	Anan Elementary School	097-582-0209	Hasama Future Hall	097-583-1118
Otomaru Public Hall	0977-84-4656	Anan Kindergarten	097-582-1757	Hasama Sports Center	097-583-2881
Otomaru Hot Spring Hall	0977-84-3573	Yufu Special Education School	097-582-0326	Hasama Junior High School	097-583-0017
Yufuin Elementary School	0977-84-2031	Shonai Public Hall	097-582-0214	Takimatsu Agricultural Assembly Hall	
Yufuin Health Hot Spring Hall	0977-84-4881	Otsuru Exchange Center		Nakae Municipal Public Hall	
Yufu City Yufuin Public Hall	0977-84-2604	Higashi Shonai Elementary School	097-582-0241	Tani Elementary School	097-583-0079
Araki Public Hall		Shonai Sports Center	097-582-1111	Honoki Agricultural Assembly Hall	
Yufuin B&G Marine Center	0977-84-2133	Yufu High School	097-582-0244	formerly Honoki Elementary School	
Ishimatsu Assembly Hall		Shonai Indoor Arena	097-582-1111	Akano Municipal Public Hall	
Yufuin Junior High School	0977-84-2026	Tatsuharu Municipal Public Hall		Maruta Public Hall	
Yufuin Welfare Center	0977-84-3610	Shonai Junior High School	097-582-0014	Sekijo Elementary School	097-583-0772
Higashi Ishimatsu 3 Assembly Hall		Shonai Yu-Yu Hall	097-582-0214	Kubachi Municipal Public Hall	
Nishi Ishimatsu Public Hall	0977-85-2865	Nishi Shonai Elementary School	097-582-0017	formerly Sekijo Seibu Elementary School	
Yamasaki Public Hall	0977-85-3815	Nishi Shonai Kindergarten	097-582-3040	Minami Tashiro Interactive Hall	
Nakayori Assembly Hall	0977-84-4108	formerly Seinan Elementary School		Tsume Public Hall	
Shimoyori Assembly Hall	0977-85-3868	Yufu City Hall Headquarters	097-582-1111	Yufugawa Regional Exchange Center	097-583-4241
Okue Farmers Training Center		formerly Minami Shonai Elementary School		Yufugawa Elementary School	097-583-0751

### **Emergency contact**

Emergency Police

110

Fire, first aid, ambulance
Fire-fighting

119

Ocean incidents /accidents



		Facility name	Address	TEL
		Yufu City Hall Headquarters	302 Kakiharu, Shonai-cho, Yufu-shi	097-582-1111
City hall	Yufu City Hall Hasama Branch	128-1 Mukainoharu, Hasama-cho, Yufu-shi	097-583-1111	
		Yufu City Hall Yufuin Branch	3738-1 Kawakami, Yufuin-cho, Yufu-shi	0977-84-3111
		Yufu City Fire Department	278 Hasama, Hasama-cho, Yufu-shi	097-583-1500
Fire-f	ighting	Yufu City Fire Department, Shonai Branch	306-1 Kakiharu, Shonai-cho, Yufu-shi	097-582-0119
		Yufu City Fire Department, Yufuin Branch	3066-1 Kawakami, Yufuin-cho, Yufu-shi	0977-85-2355
		Oita Minami Police Department	2212-1 Oaza Yokose, Oita-shi	097-542-2131
		Oita Minami Police Department, Hasama Police Substation	332-1 Mukainoharu, Hasama-cho, Yufu-shi	097-583-0200
Do	Police	Oita Minami Police Department, Sekijogawa Police Substation	20-1 Kubachi, Hasama-cho, Yufu-shi	097-583-3270
-		Oita Minami Police Department, Shonai Police Substation	432-3 Higashi Choho, Shonai-cho, Yufu-shi	097-582-0310
		Oita Minami Police Department, Shonai Nishi Police Substation	841-5 Shonaibaru, Shonai-cho, Yufu-shi	097-582-0380
		Oita Minami Police Department, Yufuin Executive Police Post	3499-1 Kawakami, Yufuin-cho, Yufu-shi	0977-84-2131
		Kyushu Electric Power, Oita Office	3-4 2-Chome, Kanaike-cho, Oita-shi	0120-986-504
	Electricity	Kyushu Electric Power, Beppu Office	4-33 Mochi-ga-Hama-cho, Beppu-shi	0120-986-503
		Kyushu Electric Power, Hita Office	586-1 Tamagawa-cho, Hita-shi	0120-986-502
	Water	Yufu City Water Section	2nd Floor, Headquarters New Building	097-582-1328
Utilities Teleph	Telephone	NTT West Japan, Oita Branch	3-15-7 Nagahama-cho, Oita-shi	Landline telephone: 113 (no area code) Hikari Denwa, mobile phone, PHS: 00.0120-444113
	Gas*			

<sup>\*</sup>In the contact info for "gas" under utilities, please enter the contact info of the gas company used by each household.

### Use the Disaster Emergency Message Dial

#### Example of how to use the Disaster Emergency Message Dial by NTT West Japan

Dial "171" and follow the guidance for use to record or play back messages.

In the wake of a severe disaster such as an earthquake or flood, the number of telephone calls increases dramatically, resulting in difficulties in connection which can last for several days. The Disaster Emergency Message Dial is available in such cases. Disaster Emergency Message Dial is a telephone service that serves as a voice mail service (for confirming safety) in the event of a large-scale disaster. The service can be used by people within the disaster area and other areas to record and play back messages.

\*Priority service is given to public telephones in the event of a disaster.



Be sure to remember the number "171" for the Disaster Emergency Message Dial. After you dial "171," a voice prompt is played.

Follow the guidance to record or play back messages.

(\*The service can only be used when a disaster has occurred.)

You can register and view messages (text).

In addition to the Disaster Emergency Message Dial, NTT West Japan also provides the Disaster Emergency Message Board (web171) for registering and viewing message information (text). When a large-scale disaster has occurred, people living in the disaster area can use web171 to access a message board website on the internet and register message information (text) using their telephone number as a key. Using the telephone number as a key, people in other regions can view the registered message information and register additional methods.

For detailed information on the usage method, please contact your contracted telephone provider.

r of detailed information on the deage method, please contact your contracted telephone provider.				
NTT West Japan Disaster Emergency Message Dial (171)	http://www.ntt-west.co.jp/dengon/			
NTT Docomo Disaster Message Board Service	https://www.nttdocomo.co.jp/info/disaster/disaster_board/			
au Disaster Message Board Service	https://www.au.com/mobile/anti-disaster/saigai-dengon/			
SoftBank Disaster Message Board Service/Disaster Voice Messaging Service	https://www.softbank.jp/mobile/service/dengon/			

### **Knowledge of disaster-prevention**

#### Attitude in advance

#### Confirm the safety evacuation route



Decide in advance on your own route (evacuation route) to the evacuation location. Confirm that you can travel safely.

#### Participate in evacuation drills



Actively participate when evacuation drills are held.

#### Prepare emergency food



At the very least, prepare about 3 days of food for your family.

### Knowledge at the time of evacuation

# Collect accurate information and take the initiative to evacuate



Use your radio and television to obtain the latest weather information, disaster information, and evacuation information. Pay attention to rainfall and flooding. Take the initiative to evacuate if you sense danger.

# Pay attention to calls for evacuation



If conditions become dangerous, city hall or the fire department may call for evacuation. If a call for evacuation is issued, please evacuate quickly.

# Actions to take before evacuating



Before evacuating, turn of electricity, gas, and other fire sources, and check the evacuation site. Also, inform your family and friends that you are evacuating.

#### Please evacuate quickly



If conditions become dangerous, an evacuation advisory or other warning will be issued. Please evacuate quickly. When evacuating, please follow the instructions of police, etc.

#### Do not evacuate by car



Evacuating by car will interfere with emergency vehicles. Evacuating by car can also cause traffic jams, making it impossible to move when it floods. Therefore, except for special cases, please evacuate on foot.

#### At the evacuation site



At the evacuation site, please follow the instructions of city employees or fire-brigade members. Information on flood conditions and other information will be transmitted from the radio, television, and city. Please remain calm when taking action.

#### If it is too late to evacuate



If you are in danger, please evacuate to the second floor or higher of a sturdy nearby building. In the event of an emergency, please help each other.

#### If someone needs to be rescued

#### Elderly or sick person



If immediate action is required, use a rope or other item to carry the person on your back to a safe location.

#### Blind person



First, call out to the blind person. When guiding a blind person using a cane, do not touch their hand. Instead, gently hold their elbow and walk slowly a half-step in front of them.

#### Deaf person



Walk closely to the deaf person, look them directly in the face, and move your lips clearly and slowly when speaking. Or, write use a pen and paper.

#### Physically-disabled person



Confirm the appropriate method of guidance for each person. Be careful not to scare the person.

### Things you should know

### Approximate amount of rainfall



Slightly strong rain 10 to 20 mm of rain in one hour

Puddles exist across the entire surface of the ground. It becomes difficult to hear spoken voices. Caution is required when it appears that rain will last for a long period of time.



#### Strong rain

20 to 30 mm of rain in one hour

Heavy rain. Rain which gets you wet even if you use an umbrella. Sewage overflows, small rivers overflow, and there is the danger of landslides.



#### Torrential rain

30 to 50 mm of rain in one hour

Torrential rain pouring down like buckets have been turned over. It easy for landslides to occur and cliffs to collapse. Traffic restrictions are enforced. Prepare to evacuate.



#### Extreme torrential rain 50 to 80 mm of rain in one hour

Rain like a waterfall. The surrounding area appears white due to splashing. Small- and medium-sized rivers overflow. The danger of flooding increases.



#### Severe rain

Rain of more than 80 mm in one hour

There is a feeling of oppression as if it is difficult to breathe. People feel fear. There is a higher risk of large-scale disaster due to rain. Extreme caution is required. It is extremely dangerous to drive a car.

### Classifying the size and intensity of typhoons

#### ■Size of typhoon

\*According to the Japan Meteorological Agency

Class Strong Typhoon (large) Very Strong Typhoon

(extremely large)

Radius of windspeed 15 m/s or faster 500 km to less than 800 km

More than 800 km

### ■Intensity of typhoon \*According to the Japan Meteorological Agency

Class	Maximum Sustained Wind 1) (m/s)		
Typhoon	17.2  m/s to less than $32.7  m/s$		
Strong Typhoon	32.7 m/s to less than 43.7 m/s		
Very Strong Typhoon	43.7 m/s to less than 54.0 m/s		
Violent Typhoon	54.0 m/s or higher		

1) Maximum sustained wind is the maximum wind speed for a 10-minute mean



Wind Speed2) 10 m/s or higher

Difficult to walk facing the wind.



Wind Speed 15 m/s or higher

Greenhouses and similar structures begin to break



Wind Speed 20 m/s or higher

Shutters begin to break. Glass is shattered due to objects being blown by the wind.



Wind Speed 25m/s or higher

Concrete-block walls begin to break.

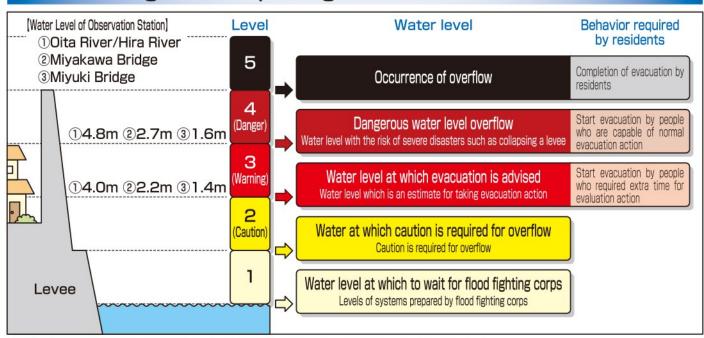


Wind Speed 30 m/s or higher

Roofs are blown off and entire wooden homes collapse.

2) Wind speed is the wind speed for a 10-minute mean.

### Danger level depending on the water level of rivers



Information on river water levels can be obtained from the internet.

Oita Prefecture: Information on heavy rain/water level observation...http://river.pref.oita.jp/

### Cautions when evacuating

### If evacuation information is announced, evacuate immediately!!

If evacuation information is announced by the city, please evacuate immediately.

Gather information via the TV, radio. internet, etc., and evacuate immediately.



Bare foot and rubber boots are prohibited.

Sneakers with laces are easy to walk.

You can walk in water is knee-deep or lower. If the current is fast, even water that is 20 cm deep can be dangerous. Flooded roads are extremely dangerous. Therefore. please evacuate immediately.



If the area around your house is flooded and you feel that evacuating to the designated evacuation site or other outside location is dangerous, go to the second floor or higher of the building that



#### Please evacuate before the roads are flooded.

#### When forced to evacuate in flooded conditions



There are many dangerous objects under the water surface: for examples, drains, irrigation channels, uneven roads, manholes, etc.

Use a long rod as a cane in order to confirm safety while you walk.

Rubber boots are prohibited!

 Grasp the rope firmly so that you will not be separated when evacu-

In particular, never take your eyes off your children.





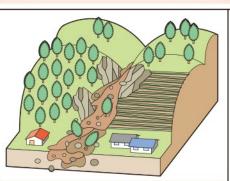
It is extremely dangerous to evacuate when the roads are flooded. Please evacuate before roads are flooded.

#### Be careful of landslides when evacuating



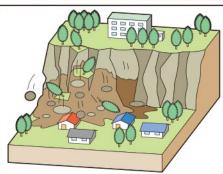
#### Landslide

- Cracks appear in the ground.
- Well water and creek water are cloudy.
- Water spouts out of cliffs and slopes.



#### Debris flow

- The mountain rumbles.
- The water level of a river lowers even though the rain continues.
- The river becomes cloudy and driftwood appears.



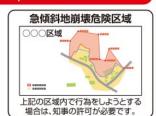
#### Collapse of cliffs

- Water from cliffs is cloudy.
- Cracks appear in the cliff.
- Small stones fall.
- Sounds are emitted from the cliff.

# At such times, these kinds of places are dangerous! Cracks appear Overhanging Gradient of 30 degrees or steeper Loose rocks appear Rainwater intensifies Spring water appears

#### These signs require special caution!

These kinds of signs are erected in regions where there is the risk of landslides. Please check if these signs are located near your house.

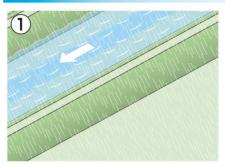


#### Information on landslides

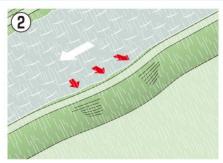
The Landslide Evacuation Awareness-Raising Map is distributed to homes in municipalities where there are Landslide Disaster Warning Areas. (Maps will be distributed as necessary if new areas are designated in the future.) Please check in advance for locations around your home where there is the danger of landslide disasters.

## Why do floods occur?

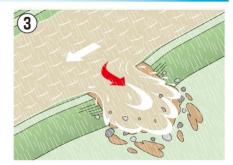
#### Mechanism of river overflow



Heavy rain causes the amount of water in a river to increase and the water level begins to rise.



Once the water level rises to the tip of a levee constructed of earth, the water pressure begins to act upon the levee.



The water level rises. Once the levee can not longer withstand the water pressure, a portion of the levee beings to crumble.



Water flows vigorously from the broken levee and flows toward homes.



In some locations, water flowing from the levee destroys homes, washes away homes and cars, while the flood contains to expand. When water overflows, the depth of the water increases suddenly and walking becomes difficult.

Please evacuate before these conditions occur.

#### Mechanism of inundation within a levee



After rain falls in a town, the water is discharged to rivers from water channels, sewage pipes, etc.



When heavy rain falls, the level of water rises. Instead of water being discharged to rivers, small rivers, sewage pipes, etc., fill up and overflow.

Caution is required by people living near a river.

### Overflow for other reasons





Also, when heavy rain falls, roadside drains become clogged, puddles form on low sections of the road, and overflow occurs. Furthermore, also be cautious of flooding on roads (underpasses) which are low due to multi-level crossing.